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INVENTORS: Talguk Kim  
Masaya Yamaguchi

TITLE: Circuit Connection Restoration  
Method And Program For Restoring  
Connection In Short Time

ATTORNEY: Gustavo Siller, Jr.  
BRINKS HOFER GILSON & LIONE  
P.O. BOX 10395  
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60610  
(312) 321-4200

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CIRCUIT CONNECTION RESTORATION METHOD AND PROGRAM FOR  
RESTORING CONNECTION IN SHORT TIME

This application claims the benefit of Japanese Patent  
5 Application 2002-347361, filed on November 29, 2002, which  
is incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

10 The present invention relates to connection link  
restoration methods and connection link restoration programs,  
an information communication apparatus for performing the  
same, and more particularly, to a connection link  
restoration method and a connection link restoration program,  
15 and an information communication apparatus for a radio  
transmission link for radio communication between at least  
two information communication apparatuses.

2. Description of the Related Art

In recent years, radio communication systems, such as  
20 BLUETOOTH®, have been used as systems for transferring  
information between a plurality of information communication  
apparatuses, such as portable telephones, personal digital  
assistants (PDAs), portable personal computers, and printers.

Such information communication apparatuses comprise a  
25 host computer connected to a communication module, such as a  
BLUETOOTH module. The communication module of such an  
information communication apparatus converts information  
output from the host computer into a radio transmission

signal and sends the radio transmission signal to another information communication apparatus. Also, the communication module converts a radio transmission signal received from the other information communication apparatus  
5 into a baseband signal and inputs the baseband signal to the host computer.

For example, the BLUETOOTH system, which is a radio communication system, uses a 2.4 GHz industrial scientific medical (ISM) band as a transmission frequency band, and has  
10 frequency channels with a bandwidth of 1 MHz. Also, a radio transmission signal is assigned, in accordance with a specified order, to one of the plurality of frequency channels by frequency hopping at regular time intervals. For the BLUETOOTH system, the electric field strength is  
15 very weak such that the effective transfer distance is assumed to be short, such as approximately 10 to 100 m.

Thus, the BLUETOOTH system is susceptible to other interference signals in the same transmission frequency band, and if a radio transmission signal is frequency-hopped to a  
20 frequency of an interference signal or a frequency channel near the frequency of an interference signal, an influence of the interference signal may prevent reception of the radio signal transmitted between the communication modules using the frequency channel, thus causing a communication  
25 failure.

In known information communication apparatuses, if the state of the communication failure continues for greater than a predetermined time, a BLUETOOTH module as a

communication module automatically disconnects a radio transmission link, and outputs a disconnection event to the host computer representing disconnection of the link. Then, the host computer recognizes from the disconnection event  
5 the disconnection of the radio transmission link, and outputs a link connection command to the BLUETOOTH module for reconnection of the radio transmission link. The BLUETOOTH module then performs processing for reconnection of the radio transmission link in accordance with the  
10 connection link command. Accordingly, the information communication apparatus restores the radio transmission link that has been disconnected, so that the communication failure state can be resolved.

However, if the host computer in the information  
15 communication apparatus is performing processing for other information when the disconnection event is input to the host computer, the host computer first performs the processing for the other information and then outputs a connection link command to the BLUETOOTH module. Thus, if  
20 the disconnection event is input to the host computer when the host computer is performing other information processing, a long time is needed for the host computer to output the link connection command. As a result of this, there is a problem in that a long time is needed for the BLUETOOTH  
25 module to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link in accordance with the link connection command sent from the host computer.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Advantages of the present invention include mitigation of the problems described above. Embodiments of the present invention include a link connection restoration method and a  
5 link connection restoration program, and an information communication apparatus capable of quickly restoring connection of a radio transmission link that has been disconnected, irrespective of a state of a host computer in the information communication apparatus. The link connection  
10 is described herein with reference to a specific radio transmission link and link protocol, but it should be understood that this invention has application to a variety of data transmission links such as infra red and the internet and other radio communications protocols such as  
15 IEEE 802.11x, and the like.

In one aspect of the present invention, an information communication apparatus is provided, comprising a host computer, in communication with a communications module. The communications module may include a connection restoration  
20 unit, a baseband signal processing unit, radio transmission signal sending and receiving unit, and a control unit. A radio antenna may be integral to the communications module or separately provided and interfaced to the radio transmission unit thereof. The control unit has an interface  
25 with the host computer and with the aforementioned units of the communication module, such that data and control signals may be passed between the units and the host computer.

The information communication apparatus (the "first

information communication apparatus") may be in radio communication with another information communication apparatus (the "second information communication apparatus") having the same configuration, or with another information communication apparatus having a different configuration, but being compatible with a common protocol for data exchange.

When a disconnection of the radio link occurs, the disconnection of the radio transmission link is not reported to the host computer; analysis of the disconnection reason and determination of whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link is performed by the communications module only. If the disconnected radio transmission link should be reconnected, processing for reconnection may be immediately and quickly performed by the communications module without waiting for the reconnection command signal sent from the host computer. Even if the host computer is performing other processing when the radio transmission link is disconnected, the disconnected radio transmission link can be immediately restored. Thus, the disconnected radio transmission link can be quickly reconnected.

The communications module may implement the BLUETOOTH communications protocol and specification, or be another radio communications method.

According to another aspect of the present invention, in a link connection restoration method, a control unit of a communications module in an information communication

apparatus that includes a host computer and the communications module and that performs radio communication by transferring a radio transmission signal, detects disconnection of a radio transmission link for the radio transmission signal, analyzes the reason for the disconnection of the radio transmission link, determines whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link on the basis of the analysis of the disconnection reason, generates a reconnection command signal if the disconnected radio transmission link should be reconnected, and generates a forced link disconnection command signal if the disconnected radio transmission link should not be reconnected.

According to the link connection restoration method, when the radio transmission link between the information communication apparatus and another information communication apparatus is disconnected, the disconnection of the radio transmission link is not reported to the host computer, and processing for reconnection of the radio transmission link may be performed only by the communication module. Even if the host computer is performing other processing when the radio transmission link is disconnected, the disconnected radio transmission link can be immediately reconnected by the communication module only without waiting for the reconnection command signal sent from the host computer. Thus, the disconnected radio transmission link can be quickly reconnected.

In the connection link restoration method, after

determining that the disconnected radio transmission link should be reconnected, the control unit may determine whether or not the radio transmission link is connected from the information communication apparatus on the basis of the  
5 analyzed disconnection reason, generate the reconnection command signal if the radio transmission link is connected from the information communication apparatus, and wait for the reconnection command signal sent from another information communication apparatus if the radio  
10 transmission link is not connected from the information communication apparatus.

According to the connection link restoration method, when the radio transmission link is disconnected, the disconnection of the radio transmission link is not reported  
15 to the host computer. When the radio transmission link is connected from the information communication apparatus, processing for reconnection of the radio transmission link can be immediately and quickly performed by the communication module only without waiting for a reconnection  
20 command signal sent from the host computer.

In the connection link restoration method, the communication module may be a BLUETOOTH module. Also, the control unit may detect whether the reason for the disconnection of the radio transmission link arises from a  
25 plurality of upper protocol layers or from a lower protocol layer provided in the BLUETOOTH module.

According to the connection link restoration method, without regard to whether the reason for the disconnection



of the radio transmission link arises from the upper protocol layers or the lower protocol layer, analysis of the disconnection reason and determination of whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link is

5 performed by the BLUETOOTH module only. If the disconnected radio transmission link should be reconnected, processing for reconnection can be immediately and quickly performed by the BLUETOOTH module without waiting for the reconnection command signal sent from the host computer.

10 According to still another aspect of the present invention, a connection link restoration program causes a control unit of a communications module in the information communication apparatus, that includes a host computer and the communications module and that performs radio

15 communication by transferring a radio transmission signal, to function as a detecting unit for detecting disconnection of a radio transmission link for the radio transmission signal, an analyzing unit for analyzing the reason for the disconnection of the radio transmission link, a reconnection  
20 determining unit for determining whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link on the basis of the analysis of the disconnection reason, a reconnection command signal generating unit for generating a reconnection command signal if the disconnected radio transmission link should be  
25 reconnected, and a forced link disconnection command signal generating unit for generating a forced link disconnection command signal if the disconnected radio transmission link should not be reconnected.

According to the connection link restoration program, when the radio transmission link between the information communication apparatus and another information communication apparatus is disconnected, the disconnection of the radio transmission link is not reported to the host computer, and processing for reconnection of the radio transmission link may be performed by the communication module. Also, even if the host computer is performing other processing when the radio transmission link is disconnected, the disconnected radio transmission link can be immediately reconnected by the communication module only without waiting for the reconnection command signal sent from the host computer. Thus, the disconnected radio transmission link can be quickly reconnected.

The connection link restoration program may cause the control unit to function as a connecting apparatus determining unit for determining whether or not the radio transmission link is connected from the information communication apparatus on the basis of the analyzed disconnection reason after determining that the disconnected radio transmission link should be reconnected, the reconnection command signal generating unit for generating the reconnection command signal if the radio transmission link is connected from the information communication apparatus, and a waiting unit for waiting for the reconnection command signal sent from another information communication apparatus if the radio transmission link is not connected from the information communication apparatus.

According to the connection link restoration program,  
when the radio transmission link is disconnected, the  
disconnection of the radio transmission link is not reported  
to the host computer. When the radio transmission link is  
5 connected from the information communication apparatus,  
processing for reconnection of the radio transmission link  
can be immediately and quickly performed by the  
communication module only without waiting for the  
reconnection command signal sent from the host computer.

10 In the connection link restoration program, the  
communication module may be a BLUETOOTH module. The program  
may cause the control unit to function as a disconnection  
reason detecting unit for detecting whether the reason for  
the disconnection of the radio transmission link arises from  
15 a plurality of upper protocol layers or a lower protocol  
layer provided in the BLUETOOTH module.

According to the connection link restoration program,  
without regard to whether the reason for the disconnection  
of the radio transmission link arises from the upper  
20 protocol layers or from the lower protocol layer, analysis  
of the disconnection reason and determination of whether or  
not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link is  
performed by the BLUETOOTH module only. If the disconnected  
radio transmission link should be reconnected, processing  
25 for reconnection can be immediately and quickly performed by  
the BLUETOOTH module without waiting for the reconnection  
command signal sent from the host computer.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a block diagram of the structure of an information communication apparatus for executing a connection link restoration method according to an

5 embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a block diagram of the structure of a connection link restoration circuit of a communications module constituting the information communication apparatus shown in Fig. 1;

10 Fig. 3 is a block diagram of the relationship between a connection link restoration program according to a first embodiment of the present invention and protocol layers and an interface that are provided in a BLUETOOTH module functioning as a communications module;

15 Fig. 4 is a flowchart showing the sequence of processing of the connection link restoration method according to an embodiment of the present invention; and

Fig. 5 is a block diagram of the relationship between a connection link restoration program according to a second  
20 embodiment of the present invention and a protocol layer and an interface that are provided in a BLUETOOTH module functioning as a communication module.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

25 A connection link restoration method and a connection link restoration program according to the present invention will now be described with reference to Figs. 1 to 5.

Fig. 1 shows an information communication apparatus 1

for executing a connection link restoration method and a connection link restoration program according to a first embodiment of the present invention. Referring to Fig. 1, the information communication apparatus 1 comprises a host computer 2 and a BLEUTOOTH module 3 functioning as a communications module.

In a first embodiment of the present invention, the BLEUTOOTH module 3 comprises a radio transmission signal sending and receiving unit 6 connected to a sending and receiving antenna 5, a frequency conversion unit 7 connected to the radio transmission signal sending and receiving unit 6, a baseband signal processing unit 8 connected to the frequency conversion unit 7, and a connection restoration circuit unit 9 connected to the baseband signal processing unit 8. The connection restoration circuit unit 9 is also connected to the host computer 2. Also, the BLEUTOOTH module 3 comprises a control unit 10 for controlling other units, such as the connection restoration circuit unit 9, of the BLEUTOOTH module 3.

The BLEUTOOTH module 3 may be provided with a lower protocol layer, such as a link manager protocol (LMP), a plurality of upper protocol layers (1, 2, ..., n), such as an object exchange protocol (OBEX) and a serial port profile in addition to a logical link control and adaptation protocol (L2CAP) and a service discovery protocol (SDP), and an interface between the host and the module for transferring events and commands between an application program of the host computer 2 and the highest protocol

layer of the upper protocol layers.

In the information communication apparatus 1, in order to send a radio transmission signal to another information communication apparatus 21, the control unit 10 of the BLUETOOTH module 3 causes the baseband signal processing unit 8 to convert a baseband signal, which is sent from the host computer 2 and received by the connection restoration circuit unit 9, into coded data and to send the coded data to the frequency conversion unit 7. Then, the control unit 10 causes the frequency conversion unit 7 to frequency-convert the coded data into a radio transmission signal and to send the radio transmission signal to the radio transmission signal sending and receiving unit 6. Then, the control unit 10 causes the radio transmission signal sending and receiving unit 6 to convert the radio transmission signal into a predetermined transmission level, and to send the converted radio transmission signal to another information communication apparatus 21 via the sending and receiving antenna 5.

Also, in the information communication apparatus 1, in order to receive a radio transmission signal from another information communication apparatus 21, the control unit 10 causes the radio transmission signal sending and receiving unit 6 to convert a radio transmission signal, which is sent from another information communication apparatus 21 and received by the sending and receiving antenna 5, into a predetermined reception level and to send the converted radio transmission signal to the frequency conversion unit 7.

Then, the control unit 10 causes the frequency conversion unit 7 to frequency-convert the radio transmission signal into coded data and to send the coded data to the baseband signal processing unit 8. Then, the control unit 10 causes  
5 the baseband signal processing unit 8 to convert the coded data into a baseband signal and to send the baseband signal to the host computer 2 via the connection restoration circuit unit 9.

Referring to Fig. 2, the connection restoration circuit  
10 unit 9 comprises an event analyzer 12 connected to the baseband signal processing unit 8, a connection information storage unit 13 and a connection command unit 14 connected to the event analyzer 12, and an event filter 15 connected to the host computer 2 and the connection information  
15 storage unit 13. The connection restoration circuit unit 9 also comprises a command analyzer 17 connected to the host computer 2 and the connection information storage unit 13, a connection setup information storage unit 18 connected to the command analyzer 17 and the connection command unit 14,  
20 and a command filter 19 connected to the baseband signal processing unit 8, the connection information storage unit 13, the connection command unit 14, and the command analyzer 17.

When the radio transmission link becomes disconnected,  
25 the control unit 10 analyzes the reason for the disconnection and determines whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio link. The control unit 10 generates a link disconnection signal to the communications restoration

circuit 9, and causes the connection restoration circuit to check connection information which may be stored in the connection information storage unit 13, and the event analyzer 12 decides whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link.

If the radio transmission link is connected from the information communications module 1, the control unit 10 causes the event analyzer 12 to send a drive control signal to the connection command unit 14 causing the connection command unit 14 to read connecting setup information stored in the connection setup storage unit 18. Also the control unit 10 sets the event filter 15 to a transmission prevention state preventing transmission of a link disconnection signal to the host computer 2.

The control unit 10 initiates a series of actions in accordance with the specific communications protocol chosen to effect reconnection of the radio transmission link between information communication apparatus 1 and another information communication apparatus 21. It is understood that the other information communication apparatus 21 may be a plurality of information communications apparatuses.

Alternatively, if the radio transmission link is connected from another information communications apparatus 21, the control unit 10 waits for the reconnection command signal sent from another information communication apparatus 21. In neither the situation where the radio transmission link is connected from the information communication apparatus 1 nor where the radio transmission link is



connected from another information communication apparatus  
21 is notification of the disconnected radio link signal  
sent to the host computer 2.

However, if it has been determined that the radio  
5 transmission link should not be re-established, a forced  
link disconnection signal is sent to the host computer 2 via  
an interface between the host computer 2 and the  
communications module 3.

Accordingly, performing the determination of whether the  
10 radio transmission link should be reconnected within the  
communications module permits the radio transmission link  
reestablishment process to proceed without delays due to the  
host computer 2 being busy performing other tasks.

Although the functional operation of individual units  
15 such as the control unit 12, connection restoration unit 9,  
and the like have been individually described, these  
functions may be performed by a shared electronic digital  
processor, such as a microprocessor and memory and  
peripheral circuitry rather than specific circuits for each  
20 function. Data as well as processor programs may be stored  
in such a shared memory. The memory may be a combination of  
various volatile and non-volatile memory circuits such as  
RAM, DRAM, EPROM and the like.

A connection link restoration method according to the  
25 first embodiment will now be described with reference to  
Figs. 3 and 4.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram of the relationship between  
means for the connection link restoration program according

to the first embodiment and the protocol layers and the interface that are provided in the BLUETOOTH module 3 functioning as a communications module. As shown in Fig. 3, the connection link restoration program causes the control unit 10 of the BLUETOOTH module 3 to function as analysis and determination means for analyzing the reason for disconnection of the radio transmission link and determining whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link. The control unit 10, which functions as the analysis and determination means, is logically connected to the lower protocol layer, the upper protocol layers, and the interface between the host and the module.

Referring to Fig. 4, when the radio transmission link between the information communication apparatus 1 and another information communication apparatus 21 is disconnected due to a transmission failure state in a radio transmission signal or a normal state and when the reason for the disconnection of the radio transmission link arises from the lower protocol layer or the upper protocol layers, the control unit 10 of the BLUETOOTH module 3 detects the disconnection state of the radio transmission link (step ST1). Then, the control unit 10 causes the baseband signal processing unit 8 to generate a link disconnection signal and to send the link disconnection signal to the connection restoration circuit unit 9.

Then, the control unit 10 causes the event analyzer 12 of the connection restoration circuit unit 9 to check connection information, which represents a request for

connection of the radio transmission link, stored in the connection information storage unit 13 of the connection restoration circuit unit 9 and to analyze the reason for the disconnection of the radio transmission link on the basis of the link disconnection signal (step ST2). The control unit 10 causes the event analyzer 12 of the connection restoration circuit unit 9 to determine whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link (step ST3).

10        If it is determined that the disconnected radio transmission link should be reconnected (if the determination in step ST3 is YES), it is determined whether or not the radio transmission link is connected from the information communication apparatus 1 on the basis of the analyzed disconnection reason (step ST4). If the radio transmission link is connected from the information communication apparatus 1 (if the determination in step ST4 is YES), the control unit 10 causes the event analyzer 12 to send a drive control signal to the connection command unit 14 and causes the connection command unit 14 to read connection setup information, which represents the setting of connection of the radio transmission link, stored in the connection setup information storage unit 18 (step ST5) and to generate a reconnection command signal (step ST6). Also, 25 the control unit 10 sets the event filter 15 of the connection restoration circuit unit 9 to a transmission prevention state, thus preventing transmission of the link disconnection signal to the host computer 2.

The control unit 10 causes the command filter 19 to send the reconnection command signal to the baseband signal processing unit 8, and then the reconnection command signal is sent to another information communication apparatus 21 via the frequency conversion unit 7, the radio transmission signal sending and receiving unit 6, and the sending and receiving antenna 5 (step ST7). After causing the baseband signal processing unit 8 to send an event to the connection restoration circuit unit 9, the control unit 10 causes the event analyzer 12 to extract the previous connection information and reconnection information, which represents reconnection, in accordance with the event and to store the connection information and the reconnection information into the connection information storage unit 13 (step ST8).

Accordingly, the control unit 10 determines whether or not reconnection of the radio transmission link between the information communication apparatus 1 and another information communication apparatus 21 has succeeded (step ST9).

As a result of this, if the reconnection of the radio transmission link between the information communication apparatus 1 and another information communication apparatus 21 succeeds (if the determination in step ST9 is YES), connection of the radio transmission link is restored (step ST10). However, if the reconnection of the radio transmission link does not succeed (if the determination in step ST9 is NO), the control unit 10 analyzes the reason for the disconnection of the radio transmission link again (step

ST2).

Then, the host computer 2 generates a command in accordance with the previous connection information and receives an event based on the connection information from the control unit 10 via the connection restoration circuit unit 9. Thus, the control unit 10 causes the event filter 15 to replace the reconnection information included in the event with the previous connection information and to send the event to the host computer 2. The control unit 10 also causes the command filter 19 to replace the reconnection information included in the command with the previous connection information.

If it is determined that the disconnected radio transmission link should be reconnected (if the determination in step ST3 is YES) and if it is determined that the radio transmission link is connected from another information communication apparatus 21 on the basis of the analyzed disconnection reason (if the determination in step ST4 is NO), the control unit 10 waits for the reconnection command signal sent from another information communication apparatus 21 (step ST11). Here, the control unit 10 sets the event filter 15 of the connection restoration circuit unit 9 to a transmission prevention state, thus preventing transmission of the connection link command signal to the host computer 2.

If it is determined that the disconnected radio transmission link should not be reconnected (the determination in step ST3 is NO), the control unit 10 causes

the baseband signal processing unit 8 to generate a forced link disconnection command signal (step ST12), and causes the connection restoration circuit unit 9 to send the forced link disconnection command signal to the host computer 2 via the interface between the host and the module (step ST13). Here, the control unit 10 clears the connection information stored in the connection information storage unit 13 by a clear signal generated by the event analyzer 12 in response to the forced link disconnection command. The state in which the disconnected radio transmission link should not be reconnected is, for example, a case where the radio transmission link is disconnected in the normal state.

According to the first embodiment, when a radio transmission link between the information communication apparatus 1 and another information communication apparatus 21 is disconnected, the control unit 10 of the BLUETOOTH module 3 generates a link disconnection signal, analyzes the reason for the disconnection of the radio transmission link, and determines whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link. If the disconnected radio transmission link should be reconnected, the control unit 10 generates a reconnection command signal and sends the reconnection command signal to the other information communication apparatus 21, so that the disconnected radio transmission link is reconnected. The link disconnection signal is not sent to the host computer 2. Thus, if the radio transmission link is disconnected due to a transmission failure, processing for reconnection of the

radio transmission link can be performed by the BLUETOOTH module 3 only, not by the host computer 2 of the information communication apparatus 1.

Consequently, even if the host computer 2 is performing  
5 other processing when a radio transmission link is disconnected, the disconnected radio transmission link can be immediately reconnected by the BLUETOOTH module 3 only, without waiting for a reconnection command signal sent from the host computer 2. Thus, the disconnected radio  
10 transmission link can be rapidly reconnected.

Also, since the BLUETOOTH module 3 is provided with upper protocol layers as well as a lower protocol layer, without regard to whether the reason for disconnection of a radio transmission link arises from the lower protocol layer  
15 or the upper protocol layers, the control unit 10 analyzes the disconnection reason and determines whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link. If the disconnected radio transmission link should be reconnected, the control unit 10 performs processing for reconnection.  
20 Thus, even if the reason for disconnection of a radio transmission link arises from the upper protocol layers, the disconnected radio transmission link can be immediately reconnected only by the BLUETOOTH module 3 without waiting for a reconnection command signal sent from the host  
25 computer 2.

A second connection link restoration method and a connection link restoration program according to a second embodiment of the present invention will now be described

with reference to Fig. 5. The apparatus is the same as described in conjunction with the first connection link restoration method and therefore will not be further described. Reference is made to Figs. 1-3 and the  
5 description thereof previously given. The reference numerals used in the following description have the same meaning as for the first embodiment.

Fig. 5 is a block diagram of the relationship between the connection link restoration means according to the  
10 second embodiment and a protocol layer and an interface that are provided in a BLUETOOTH module functioning as a communication module.

As shown in Fig. 5, the BLUETOOTH module is provided with a lower protocol layer of BLUETOOTH and a host  
15 controller interface (HCI), and a host computer is provided with a plurality of upper protocol layers (1, 2, ..., n) of BLUETOOTH.

The connection link restoration program causes a control unit of the BLUETOOTH module to function as an analysis and  
20 determination means for analyzing the reason for disconnection of a radio transmission link and determining whether or not to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link. The control unit is connected to the lower protocol layer and the host computer 2 through an  
25 interface.

The method of the second embodiment will now be described.

When a radio transmission link between an information



communication apparatus 1 and another information  
communication apparatus 21 is disconnected in a state of  
transmission failure in a radio transmission signal or a  
normal state and when the reason for the disconnection of  
5 the radio transmission link arises from the lower protocol  
layer, the control unit of the BLUETOOTH module detects the  
disconnection state of the radio transmission link. Then,  
the control unit causes a baseband signal processing unit 8  
to generate a link disconnection signal and to send the link  
10 disconnection signal to a connection restoration circuit  
unit 9.

Then, the control unit 10 analyzes the reason for the  
disconnection of the radio transmission link on the basis of  
the link disconnection signal and determines whether or not  
15 to reconnect the disconnected radio transmission link. If  
it is determined that the disconnected radio transmission  
link should be reconnected and if the radio transmission  
link is connected from the information communication  
apparatus 1, the control unit performs reconnection of the  
20 radio transmission link between the information  
communication apparatus 1 and the another information  
communication apparatus 21 while causing the connection  
restoration circuit unit 9 to prevent transmission of the  
link disconnection signal to the host computer 2.

25 If it is determined that the disconnected radio  
transmission link should be reconnected and if the radio  
transmission link is connected from a BLUETOOTH module of  
another information communication apparatus 21, the control

unit 10 waits for a reconnection command signal sent from the another information communication apparatus 21 while causing the connection restoration circuit unit 9 to prevent transmission of the link disconnection signal to the host  
5 computer 2.

If it is determined that the disconnected radio transmission link should not be reconnected, the control unit 9 generates a forced link disconnection command signal and sends the forced link disconnection signal to the host  
10 computer 2.

Since the other structure and operation of the second embodiment are similar to those in the first embodiment, the description for them is omitted here.

According to the second embodiment, when a radio  
15 transmission link between information communication apparatus 1 and another information communication apparatus 21 is disconnected and when the reason for the disconnection of the radio transmission link arises from the lower protocol layer, processing for reconnection of the radio  
20 transmission link can be performed by the BLUETOOTH module 3 only, not by the host computer 2.

Thus, even if the host computer 2 is performing other processing when the radio transmission link is disconnected, reconnection of the radio transmission link can be  
25 immediately and quickly performed by the BLUETOOTH module 3 only without waiting for a reconnection command signal sent from the host computer 2.

The present invention is not limited to the embodiments

described above. Various changes and modifications may be made in the present invention without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention.

Although, for example, the communication module is  
5 explained by way of example of a BLUETOOTH module, the communication module is not limited to this. Other types of data and radio communication modules may be used such as those defined by IEEE 802.11x and the like. Other communications media such as infra red and the internet are  
10 encompassed by this invention.